BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, ME., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1884. | VOLUME LI.—NUMBER 139.

Whig and Courier.

BANGOR Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

No 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BOUTELLE & BURR

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

Business Cards.

Finest Line Ever Shown in Bangor of Light Weight, STIFF, KERSEY AND STRAW HATS,

No 6 Main Street

FILES! - - - FILES!

Now is the time to Sharpen Up

1,000 Dozen Files

The Lowest Prices.

Old Files Re-cut as usual

OB COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

EDWIN C. BURT & CO.'S FAMOUS FITTING Ladies' Shoes.

H. D. THURSTON, NO 6 MAIN STREET

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, AUCTIONEERS General Ins. and Real Estate Agency, 128 Exchange Street.

WOODSTOCK

KENSINGTON

SQUARES,

Smyrna Rugs and Mats,

A. H. ROBERTS & SON.

STOP!

No. 32 Central St.,

CHAIRS, EASELS,

HAMMOCKS,

N. WHITMAN.

FREEMAN HERSEY CHASE, M. D.,

NO 12 MAIN STREET.

Residence—125 French St.

NOTICE.

WINDOW SHADES and ROLLERS of all kinds,

WALL PAPERS in great variety, also

STATIONERY

LEAD PENCILS of Superior Quality

CHAS. HIGHT.

GENTS'

Alligator, Lawn Tennis, Bicycle, Coat, Calf, and English Enamel Low Shoes at

No. 6 Main Street.

Classical School.

THE FALL TERM OF THE HALLOWELL

Classical and Scientific Academy,

Tuesday, August 26th, 1884.

Maine Telegraph Company.

Horsford's SELF-RAISING Bread Preparation.

The BEST and CHEAPEST BAKING POWDER made.

NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL Life Insurance Co., OF MILWAUKEE.

General Agent Wanted for Bangor.

Freedom Notice

Notice.

New Porto Rico MOLASSES

FREDK HALL & CO'S.

Received To-Day ORANGES, LEMONS AND BANANAS

H. S. SANDS & CO., 90 EXCHANGE STREET

Takeoff Bloomer.

Received this Day!

150 Boxes Oranges, 100 Boxes Lemons, 150 Bunches Bananas, 3000 Cocoanuts, 500 Pieces, Layer Figs, Also New Vermont Cheese, Pickles in Jars, Oysters, Clams, &c., to the Trade Only.

AYER & PLUMMER, 29 Broad Street and 76 Exchange Square

Kiln-Dried HARD WOOD FLOOR BOARDS

J. H. JAMES,

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston Mass.

DIPHTHERIA

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES Influenza, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles and Diseases of the Spine. Sold everywhere. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

CHICKEN CHOLERA, Fowl Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Formula sent in large text, price $1.00 by mail. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Akron Vitrified Drain Pipe.

ONLY INDESTRUCTIBLE DRAIN PIPE,

SOLD BY

CETCHELL, LEICHTON & CO., 29 CENTRAL STREET.

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.S, GRAND OPENING OF STRAW GOODS.

We are now prepared to show the LARGEST and FINEST line of

Straw Hats for Men and Boys,

Ever seen in Bangor, including all the

New and Nobby Styles for Summer Wear.

OUR

Boys' Clothing Department,

containing all the novelties

Boys' Sailor Suits, Flannel Shirts and Shirt Waists, both Flannel and Cambric. Our

MEN'S CLOTHING,

is as usual up to the standard

FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

OUR

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

contains all the NEW STYLES and WOOLENS for CUSTOM SUITINGS.

Headquarters for Rubber and Oil Clothing at our Store

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

17 and 19 EXCHANGE STREET,

Near B. & N. A. R. R. Depot.

We are Showing Many Fresh Attractions in

SUMMER MILLINERY,

Including all the Most Stylish Shapes in Bonnets and Hats, together with the Most Fashionable Trimming Materials. You will Find our Prices Very Modest.

19 MAIN ST. - - C. W. COFFIN.

CELLULOID WATER-PROOF LINEN.

COLLARS, CUFFS AND BOSOMS

Perspiration Proof, Elastic, Durable.

EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED THE

Celluloid Collar and Cuff

To be a Prime Necessity Especially in Hot Weather.

They Never Wilt, are Soft and Pliable, and Can be Worn Without Change For Months.

THEY ARE THE MOST ECONOMICAL GOODS WORN.

No Expense For Laundrying!

A Complete Assortment of these Goods is Kept by

J. E. CHAPMAN & CO., One Price Clothing House, 6 STRICKLAND BLOCK, AND BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Smallest Stock OF BANANAS,

BEST IN BANGOR.

Thompson & Kellogg's, 14 and 16 Central Street.

MR. & MRS. C. A. MURCH, METAPHYSICIANS, 267 MAIN STREET.

PILLOW-SHAM HOLDERS,

Window Shades,

C. E. LOVELL, 50 Main St.

Call at No. 6 Main Street

California Excursions.

Fistula AND PILES.

MISS R. A. PALMER, METAPHYSICIAN.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1842.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one time $1.00
For one square two insertions 1.50
For one square three days 1.50
For one square one week 2.00
Each week's continuance 1.00
For half square one time 1.00
For half square three times 1.50
For half square one week 2.00
Each week's continuance 1.00
For one square Weekly 1 time 1.00
Each week's continuance 1.00

SPECIAL NOTICES

$—00 per square, for first week—$1.00 for each subsequent week.

Business Cards, Auctioneers' and Professional Notices, by the year, $5.00 per line.

Advertisements inserted in the Weekly Courier at the rate of 10 cents per line for each week.

Advertisements not specified as to time, will be inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.

All transients must be paid for in advance.

All communications intended for this paper should be addressed to the Publishers.

The Republican Convention

THE PLATFORM OF THE PLATFORM

The following is the resolution reported to the Republican National Convention and adopted

The Republicans of the United States in National Convention assembled, renew their allegiance to the principles upon which they have triumphed in six successive Presidential elections, and congratulate the American people on the attainment of so many results in legislation and administration by which the Republican party has after saving the Union done so much to make its institutions just, equal and beneficent in the enlargement of liberty and the diffusion of thought and intelligence among the citizens. The Republican party has gained its strength by unswerving fidelity to its pledges to the thousands who gave their lives for the freedom of other millions of all men, for a united Nation, securing the rights of all citizens, for the dignity of labor, for an honest currency, for purity in legislation and for integrity and accountability in all departments of the Government and it accepts new duties and challenges in the work of progress and reform.

We lament the death of President Garfield whose sound state manship, long continued courage and eminently successful administration of the affairs of the Nation in the short period of his official life in the Presidential office of the United States, had strongly attracted the hopes of the American people for the beneficial results which should follow his administration. We sympathize with his family in their bereavement, and we commend their fortitude and Christian faith as the most fitting consolation for them and for the nation in the hour of its great sorrow.

In the administration of President Arthur we recognize a wise, conservative and patriotic policy under which the country has been blessed with remarkable prosperity and we believe his administration will be entitled to and will receive the hearty approval of every citizen.

It is the first duty of a good government to protect the rights and promote the interests of its own people. The great diversity of industry is most productive of general prosperity and of the comfort and independence of the people. We therefore demand that the Legislation of Congress on foreign imports shall be such as not to favor one class or part of the country at the expense of other classes, but shall so adjust the duties on foreign imports as to afford ample protection to the diversified industries and interests of the entire country, including the industries of the South, which have been so long depressed by the effects of the war, and we believe that such a tariff can be so adjusted as not to cripple or destroy any of the great interests of the country. We congratulate the American people on the prosperity which has followed the adoption by the Republican party of the policy of protection to American industry, and we therefore commend to the representatives of that important agricultural interest the enactment of duties upon foreign wool in such a way that such industry shall have full and adequate protection.

We have always recommended the use of money known to the civilized world, and we urge that no effort be made to unite in commercial relations in the Spanish-American States until an international standard shall be established for all the relative value of gold and silver coinage.

The regulation of commerce with foreign nations and between the States is one of the most important prerogatives of the general government, and the Republican party distinctly announces its purpose to support such legislation as will fully and efficiently carry out the constitutional power of Congress over Interstate commerce.

The principle of the public regulation of railway corporations is now a settled and salutary one, for the protection of all classes of the people, and we favor such legislation as shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges for transportation, and that shall secure to the people and to the railways alike a fair and equal protection of the laws.

We favor the establishment of a national bureau of labor, the enforcement of the eight hour law, and a wise and judicious system of general education by a liberal appropriation from the national revenue wherever the same is needed.

We believe that everywhere the protection to citizens of American birth must be secured to citizens of American adoption and we favor the settlement of national differences by International Arbitration.

The Republican party, having its birth in a hatred of slave labor and its desire that all men may be free and equal, is unalterably opposed to placing our working men in competition with any form of servile labor, whether at home or abroad. In this spirit we denounce the importation of Contract labor, whether from Europe or Asia, as in effect against the spirit of American institutions, and we pledge ourselves to sustain the present law restricting Chinese immigration, and to provide such further legislation as is necessary to carry out its purposes.

The reform of the civil service, auspiciously begun under Republican administration, should be completed by the further extension of the reform system, already established by law, to all the grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of the reform should be observed in all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the objects of existing reformed legislation should be repealed, to the end that the danger to free institutions which lurks in the power of official patronage, may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The public lands are a heritage of the people of the United States and should be reserved as far as possible for small holdings by actual settlers. We are opposed to the acquisition of large tracts of these lands by corporations or individuals, especially where such holdings are in the hands of non-resident aliens, and we will endeavor to obtain such legislation as will tend to correct this evil.

We demand of Congress the speedy forfeiture of all land grants which have lapsed by reason of non-compliance with acts of incorporation, in the American people are due to the Union soldiers and sailors of the late war, and the Republican party stands pledged to suitable pensions for all who were disabled and for the widows and orphans of those who died in the war. The Republican party also [illegible]

tion contained in the amendment of 1879, so that all invalid soldiers shall share alike and their pensions shall begin with the date of disability or discharge and not with the date of their application.

The Republican party favors a policy which shall keep us from entangling alliances with foreign nations, and which shall give the right to expect that foreign nations shall refrain from meddling in American affairs. The policy which has been so fruitful in results, and which has so long kept the peace between the Governments of the American peoples.

In the administration of President Arthur we recognize a wise, conservative and patriotic policy under which the country has been blessed with remarkable prosperity and we believe his administration will be entitled to and will receive the hearty approval of every citizen.

It is the first duty of a good government to protect the rights and promote the interests of its own people. The great diversity of industry is most productive of general prosperity and of the comfort and independence of the people. We therefore demand that the Legislation of Congress on foreign imports shall be such as not to favor one class or part of the country at the expense of other classes, but shall so adjust the duties on foreign imports as to afford ample protection to the diversified industries and interests of the entire country, including the industries of the South, which have been so long depressed by the effects of the war, and we believe that such a tariff can be so adjusted as not to cripple or destroy any of the great interests of the country. We congratulate the American people on the prosperity which has followed the adoption by the Republican party of the policy of protection to American industry, and we therefore commend to the representatives of that important agricultural interest the enactment of duties upon foreign wool in such a way that such industry shall have full and adequate protection.

We have always recommended the use of money known to the civilized world, and we urge that no effort be made to unite in commercial relations in the Spanish-American States until an international standard shall be established for all the relative value of gold and silver coinage.

The regulation of commerce with foreign nations and between the States is one of the most important prerogatives of the general government, and the Republican party distinctly announces its purpose to support such legislation as will fully and efficiently carry out the constitutional power of Congress over Interstate commerce.

The principle of the public regulation of railway corporations is now a settled and salutary one for the protection of all classes of the people, and we favor such legislation as shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges for transportation, and that shall secure to the people and to the railways alike a fair and equal protection of the laws.

We favor the establishment of a national bureau of labor, the enforcement of the eight hour law, and a wise and judicious system of general education by a liberal appropriation from the national revenue wherever the same is needed.

We believe that everywhere the protection to citizens of American birth must be secured to citizens of American adoption and we favor the settlement of national differences by International Arbitration.

The Republican party, having its birth in a hatred of slave labor and its desire that all men may be free and equal, is unalterably opposed to placing our working men in competition with any form of servile labor, whether at home or abroad. In this spirit we denounce the importation of Contract labor, whether from Europe or Asia, as in effect against the spirit of American institutions, and we pledge ourselves to sustain the present law restricting Chinese immigration, and to provide such further legislation as is necessary to carry out its purposes.

The reform of the civil service, auspiciously begun under Republican administration, should be completed by the further extension of the reform system, already established by law, to all the grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of the reform should be observed in all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the objects of existing reformed legislation should be repealed, to the end that the danger to free institutions which lurks in the power of official patronage, may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The public lands are a heritage of the people of the United States and should be reserved as far as possible for small holdings by actual settlers. We are opposed to the acquisition of large tracts of these lands by corporations or individuals, especially where such holdings are in the hands of non-resident aliens, and we will endeavor to obtain such legislation as will tend to correct this evil.

We demand of Congress the speedy forfeiture of all land grants which have lapsed by reason of non-compliance with acts of incorporation, in the American people are due to the Union soldiers and sailors of the late war, and the Republican party stands pledged to suitable pensions for all who were disabled and for the widows and orphans of those who died in the war. The Republican party also [illegible]

STATE NEWS

[illegible]

Business Items

[illegible]

Wholesale Produce Market

[illegible]

Country Produce

[illegible]

Retail Prices Current

[illegible]

Broadstuffs, Grain, Etc.

[illegible]

Mosquitoes! Black Flies!

HARLOW'S "ANGLER'S COMFORT"

Retail 25 Cents Postage Free

N. S. HARLOW, 4 Smith Block.

Corns! Corns! Corns!

HARLOW'S CORN REMOVER!

SAFE! SURE! SATISFACTORY!

N. S. HARLOW, 4 Smith Block.

How Do You Like Toothache?

TRY HARLOW'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

4 SMITH BLOCK N. S. HARLOW

The People's Choice! BRITISH AMERICAN STANDARD LINIMENT.

Another New Thing! BINGHAM'S PEERLESS RICE BOILER.

Indispensable for Kitchen Use,

Cooking Rice, Oat Meal, Milk, &c., And Stewing Apples, Cranberries and other Fruits.

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS,

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

[illegible] EDITOR

[illegible] Democrat and [illegible] intentions intended [illegible]

TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1884.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President:

JAMES G. BLAINE,

OF MAINE.

For Vice-President:

JOHN A. LOGAN.

OF ILLINOIS

FOR GOVERNOR:

HON. FREDERICK ROBIE,

OF GORHAM.

UNITED STATES SENATORS:
For Full Term, [illegible] Packard
For Unexpired Term, [illegible] MITCHELL of Portland

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS:
1st District—THOMAS B. REED
2d District—NELSON DINGLEY, Jr.
3d District—SEBAT. MITCHELL
4th District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE

A Happy Return

The Maine delegation arrived home yesterday by boating from Chicago to the convention. They performed their part nobly and will not soon be forgotten by the people of this State. She stands shoulder with them in this contest of principle against the politicians crowd. A delegation from the Pine State journey with as true as steel from first to last and when the glorious result was announced the enthusiasm and congratulation so characteristic of their section of the country, shot up all the way from Chicago to Maine. Constant telegraphic greetings to Hon. Thomas B. Reed on his arrival at Portland, Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr. on his arrival at Lewiston, and to the other members of the delegation from the Pine State on their arrival at their respective homes, were received and responded to. The Portland Press, speaking for the State, says: "Maine's delegation returned last evening from Chicago, where they had been to nominate James G. Blaine for President. They were received at the station by a large number of citizens, who had assembled to welcome them home. The cars were decorated with flags and bunting, and the delegation was escorted to their homes by a procession headed by the Portland Band. The delegation had been in session in Chicago since Tuesday morning, and had been in constant attendance upon the convention. They were all in good health, and have the satisfaction of having done their duty in the most effective manner. They were all for Blaine from the first, and they have brought home the State of Maine with them. Hon. Thomas B. Reed, who was chairman of the delegation, and who was the leader of the Blaine men in the convention, was the recipient of many congratulations on his return. He was tendered a public reception last evening, but he declined it, on account of his fatigue. He will be tendered a reception at his home in Portland on Friday evening, when he will be expected to give an account of his stewardship. The Blaine men in the delegation are all in good spirits, and they have good reason to be, for they have had a share in the most important political victory of the year. The Blaine men in the delegation are Hon. Thomas B. Reed, Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr., Hon. Sebat. Mitchell, Hon. Charles A. Boutelle, Hon. Frank Jones, Hon. Charles Hamlin, Hon. Charles Andrews, Hon. Charles Holt, Hon. Charles Stevens, Hon. Charles Libby, Hon. Charles Frye, Hon. Charles Littlefield, Hon. Charles Clark, Hon. Charles Walker, Hon. Charles Chase

d'hig and Courier.

TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1884.

MAINE NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Maine and California.

RECEPTION OF THE DELEGATES.

The Capital City Re-joices.

A DAY TO BE REMEMBERED.

Inspiring Speeches by Hon J. M. Haynes, Gen. Sickles, Ex-Senator Hamlin, and Congressman Boutelle of Maine

and Ex-Governor Davis, Judge Knight and Col. McClure of California.

RESPONSE BY HON. JAMES G. BLAINE.

[illegible] June 9. Five cars were [illegible] Portland to connect with the [illegible] The Gulnac car was gaily [illegible] with bunting and portraits and [illegible] Collector Dow for a special [illegible] citizens and public [illegible] Band accompanied this [illegible] reached at 2 40 and [illegible] the welcoming strains of [illegible] The delegates reported in one [illegible] at Lynn and Portland [illegible] places where the train passed. At Portsmouth addresses were [illegible] Congressman Boutelle, Governor [illegible] and Governor Davis, of California [illegible] a brief delay at Portland Mr Wing of Auburn, made a brief speech [illegible] and struck up again and [illegible]

The train left Portland at 3 [illegible] and no stops were made [illegible] Lewiston was reached at [illegible] here received from Lewiston and Auburn joined with Blaine Insignia and three car loads [illegible] and other cities on the Androscoggin Railroad, all filled with [illegible] Blaine ribbons. A great [illegible] of music greeted the [illegible] and Maine delegates with cheers, [illegible] being conspicuous in [illegible] Senator McClure of California [illegible] ringing speech, after which [illegible] Boutelle made a speech [illegible] by the sprinting of the [illegible] Augusta. Gen Chamberlain [illegible] received the train here but [illegible] long enough to deliver [illegible] the declamation of the new [illegible] tonight and having to start [illegible] the arrival of the train of [illegible] At Gardiner a [illegible] welcomed the train, but [illegible] two minutes was made [illegible] the flying train was [illegible] with cheers and waving of handkerchiefs [illegible] along the Kennebec [illegible] gathering at many places [illegible] long train of 12 cars rolled into [illegible] where bands were playing while [illegible] bells ringing, artillery firing, [illegible] were assembled to meet it. A [illegible] with music and banners was [illegible] the visitors

Ex-Speaker Conner addressed the California [illegible] on behalf of welcome to [illegible]

Ex-Speaker Conner's Speech

[illegible] of the California delegations [illegible] behalf of the fellow citizens, the neighbors [illegible] friends of him in whose honor [illegible] to our city. I did you cheer for [illegible] The echoes of your enthusiastic [illegible] Our loved and honored fellow-citizen James G. Blaine, have come [illegible] and therefore our hearts and [illegible] are open to you. Listening [illegible] for news from the centre of our [illegible] we heard that from the [illegible] Pacific Coast, and all along the Pacific [illegible] warm-hearted sons of the [illegible] crossing the Continent with [illegible] banners in air and the strong [illegible] of their hearts to have Blaine and [illegible] for their candidate, and our [illegible] strengthened. [illegible] that it is greatly due to you, to [illegible] disinterested championship, that the [illegible] of the people was heard in the convention [illegible] the name of Blaine with [illegible] and irresistable an avalanche. [illegible] forces to think you. Fifty millions of people may be afflicted by your [illegible] If Maine and Illinois shall win in [illegible] Illinois and Maine did in 1880, we [illegible] this district and State, which he served [illegible] and faithfully, believe that you [illegible] find your best thanks in the administration which your candidate will give the [illegible] Again, gentlemen, I bid you [illegible] welcome. As friends of J. G. Blaine you need no other passports to the regard of [illegible] neighbors in the city of his home.

Ex-Governor Davis' Speech.

Ex-Governor Davis, of California, said: [illegible] citizens of Maine and fellow Republicans: In behalf of the [illegible] California delegation and the delegation from the Pacific Slope, I thank you from the bottom of my heart for this very kind and hospitable welcome. I say the delegation from the Pacific Slope because we come with us men from Nevada and other portions of the Pacific Slope who are as earnest as we are, who are zealous workers as we are, who are as warmly entitled to your welcome as we are.

California clasped hands with you across the continent in an earnest desire to do the same work. We are joined together in one purpose, one determination, and our hearts beat in unison while we are working for that result. Our people, I can assure you are terribly in earnest. (Applause.) They have been in earnest for a long time. They began this thing in '76, and sent a solid delegation for James G. Blaine eight years ago. (Applause.) In '80 some of their men having failed them in '76, they again sent a solid delegation, and not satisfied with pledges, they gave them cast-iron instruction. (Laughter.) Vote for Blaine, first, last and all the time. (Applause—and so when we came on this time, they told us not to come back unless we brought Blaine.

You perceive the circumstances under which we came and the necessity we felt of carrying out those instructions. We had everything on the trip that would inspire us. When we came across Iowa it was all ablaze with enthusiasm from one end to the other. Receptions, bands, companies of soldiers, everything in the nature of warm and hearty greeting, and we were assured that their hearts throbbed for Blaine. When we arrived at Chicago and went into that convention and saw the enthusiasm there, and when the name of Blaine was mentioned in that mighty temple, 15,000 people rose to their feet with cheer upon cheer. They waved their handkerchiefs and their hats, and I saw one man who took off his boots and threw them into the air. (Laughter.) He could not find words in which to express his feelings.

We were very much in earnest in this matter. We came to win because our hearts were in the work and because we believed we were right. We believed that James G. Blaine was the choice of the Republican party. We believed that a majority of the Republican party had already signified their determination that he should be the nominee of the party for the Presidency, and we felt that we were entitled to demand his nomination of that convention. We have work and now permit me to add one word prior to my close. You need not be worried about us, we will take care of our side of the continent. (Applause.)

You will know in November how we take care of it. We will carry California and Nevada. We have already cupped Oregon in the preliminary election and we will carry it by an enlarged majority, for the name of Blaine will give us thousands of votes that we could not have on a local election. If you will do as well in September as Oregon has done in June, I tell you that when the time comes for the grand crisis we will sweep the Union as a prairie fire sweeps over the prairie, and the work that was begun in Chicago will be finished in November, and the banner that we carried when we started from the Pacific Slope, we will throw to the breeze again, and our motto shall end where it began, "Blaine and victory." (Applause.)

Ex-Senator Hamlin was then called for, and was enthusiastically welcomed. He spoke as follows:

Ex-Senator Hamlin's Speech

It stirs the blood of age, and makes the pulse beat and the ear to hear in presence like this. I rejoiced to meet the gallant sons of California who have made so brilliant a fight, with the delegation of Maine, and who have added to accomplishing so important and triumphant a victory. It is such a triumph as this country has never witnessed. It is the triumph of the people over the drilled cohorts of organized power. It was raw against regular troops and the volunteers won. You have acted wisely. We are happy to meet you on this occasion. We will light our beacon fires which will cover our hill tops, and the firemen of Maine shall send up their shouts from the valley, while our forests shall be full of them. We will sweep this country like the wind upon a prairie.

We appreciate most keenly and most sincerely, the gallantry with which the Pacific coast has given us, in joining hands with the state authorities of Maine. You look around you here and see faces of those who will appreciate your work, who have sympathized with you in the effects we saw 24,000 majority for Blaine in Maine. (Voice "More, more." There is a law in Maine which punishes cruelty to animals, and I am not sure but that we should be liable under that law if we exceeded that majority. (Laughter.)

How we will send the result of the election in Maine over the wires to you good men of California, who have come here to join your cordial hands and honest hearts with ours, and we will sweep not only California and Maine, but the Union as well. In the vocabulary of those engaged in a righteous cause as we are, there is no such word as fail, and when the night of our election shall be reached in November next, I say it is manifest that we are climbing here, because we are in the majority, that right has triumphed and just principles have prevailed. (Applause.)

Speech of Senator McClure, of California

We have journeyed by this city from the great convention just closed at Chicago, to pay our respects to Mr Blaine. We are not here to congratulate him but to congratulate the American people. California eight years ago nominated your friend and neighbor (Mr Blaine) for President of the United States. We were there in '80. This year we were there again and the convention ratified that nomination which had been repeatedly made by our State, and I say by the Republican party of the United States. We love your neighbor, we idolize him on our coast, because we love the spirit of independence and genuine Republicanism which we believe he always advocated.

We have in our humble way pasted to make the platform broad and deep enough to cover every principle and policy of the Republican party. Since its organization, and we believe there was no other man in America who could stand on that platform. When we succeeded in adopting it I said to my associates "that platform nominates James G. Blaine." (Applause.)

We like him because we believed he represents the American sentiment; we believe that if he is elected President our citizens will be protected at home and abroad. (A voice—Hear, and cheers.)

We believe he will see that American labor is protected and we in California believe that the American laborers of the Pacific Coast and our beautiful land will not be cursed and injured by an influx of Mongolians from China. (Great applause.) My friends I do not think this is a time for a political speech. The trouble with me is that I have been talking for the last two weeks and I am about talked out. We have nominated Mr. Blaine and we can now return to our homes in safety, having complied with our instructions, (laughter) and in November next we shall return to you the electoral vote of Oregon, Nevada and California and in addition to that five or six Republican Congressmen from the State of California and a U. S. Senator. (Great applause.)

The enthusiasm of the crowd at the depot was interrupted by the band striking up and the procession proceeded by principal streets to the residence of Mr Blaine, in front of which a crowd had assembled watching an artist sketching it for an illustrated paper. The procession arrived at 6.45 and the California delegates were received with clapping of hands as they passed first into the house. They were most cordially received by Mr. Blaine as Senator McClure presented each by name and the conversation ensued which was broken by ex-Senator Hamlin coming in and being presented.

Mr. Blaine then went to the door when he was received with cheers.

General Conner said addressed him briefly, preceding Hon. C. A. Boutelle, who had been selected by the Maine delegation to extend their congratulations to Mr. Blaine. Mr Boutelle spoke as follows:

Speech of Hon. C. A. Boutelle.

Hon. James G. Blaine of Maine—It is my proud and happy privilege, on behalf of your fellow citizens of your adopted State, and on behalf of your fellow citizens and equally ardent and devoted admirers from States more distant than that in which you reside, to bring you greeting from the Supreme Council of the Republican party of this Union. We come to you, sir, to confirm the messages which have come to you over the wires. We come to lay at your feet the honors which have been told you by the voice of the Republicans of the United States. Maine and California, sphanning the Continent, join hands in greeting you as the one man to whom the heart of the great Republican hosts of this country has turned in this critical hour of its history.

We come to you to lay our sheaves at your feet. Maine brings you back the love which you know she has always borne you. California comes to place upon your brow for a third time the golden circlet of her steadfast devotion. Mr. Blaine, this nomination has more than ordinary signification. This convention was something more than a political gathering. It was the great representation of the sentiment of the American people. Its choice reflects the feeling which has echoed since the last ballot was cast from old Katahdin to the peaks of the Sierra Nevadas. We bring you greeting from the great west which stood for you almost to a man.

We bring you the relics of the tornado of enthusiasm which your name caused and which made the body of 15,000 people to surge and rock like the pine forests of our State under the agitation of a tempest. We lift your half as the chosen and elect of the Republican party of the Union. (Great applause.)

Spartan women in olden times gave the injunction to their sons as they went forth to battle for country, "come back bearing their shields or come back on them. We come back not lying on shields this time, but came back bearing them where the twilight of American public sentiment can best reflect from their burnished surfaces and every one of them bears the name of James G Blaine. (Tremendous applause.)

Every one of them bears the name of the chosen candidate of the greatest political organization ever known in the history of human government. (A voice "that is so.") Every one of them bears the name of the next President of the United States. (Cheers.) We bid you greeting and again, all hail! we have fought for you as Blaine of Maine; we come here to greet you today as Jas. G. Blaine, of the United States of America. (Cheers.)

In response Mr. Blaine said:

Remarks of Mr. Blaine.

Fellow Citizens—If anything could add to the pleasure of welcoming to my home and under the roof of old friends of Maine it would be, as it is to-day, to have them accompanied by loyal and true hearted men from the Pacific coast whom they bring to our hospitality, and whom we greet and welcome as our guests. I am very sure you must appreciate the embarrassment under which a man speaks when he is overwhelmed with demonstrations of kindness as I am to-day. I can say from the depth of a profoundly thankful heart, God bless you all. (Voices of "good," and tremendous applause.)

Mr. Boutelle then followed briefly and was succeeded by Senator McClure, who concluded by introducing Judge Knight of California, who spoke as follows:

Speech of Judge Knight.

Fellow Citizens: I hardly know how to begin to say a few words to this audience. My honored friend, Hannibal Hamlin, who has just spoken to you, said it stirred the blood of age to witness such a thing as this, and while that aged Republican was talking to you I was deeply moved and affected by having the privilege of standing in his presence.

My mind went back to those dark days of the Republican party when his name with our honored Lincoln were heralded to the people of the United States. (Applause.) And those two men strong and firm of conviction with crystallized sentiment of pure Republican institutions, went before the American people unheralded, with nothing but the glorious principles they advocated imploring honest hearts of honest people to give them audience during that campaign.

They were great mariners, to whom was intrusted the important work of carrying the ship of state safely through the darkness and adversity that threatened our destruction. Is it a wonder that I young man, as I am, who received his first impressions from the teaching of this most honored citizen should at this time feel some what abashed to stand up before a crowd like this native state and undertake to enlighten or talk to you of the politics of the Republican party. Here is the home of Republicanism. (Applause and cheers.)

The California delegation then took a quiet personal leave of Mr. Blaine and retired and then the crowd streamed by the door shaking hands with Mr. Blaine.

A reception was given the California delegation at the Augusta House, when an address was delivered by Hon. J. Manchester Haynes.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS—First Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 9. The Chair laid before the Senate the message of the House, non-concurring in the Senate amendments to the bureau of labor bill. The Senate insisted in its amendments and ordered a committee of conference.

Mr. Davis presented as a memorial, a joint resolution of the legislature of Massachusetts urging Congress to give substantial aid to the Cape Cod ship canal.

Mr. Allison, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Consular and Diplomatic appropriation bill, with amendments, and a written report explanatory of the amendments. He gave notice that he would call the bill up for consideration to-morrow; but on Mr. Morgan's suggestion that the Committee on Foreign Relations wished to give it some consideration, Mr. Allison said he would not press it to-morrow, but should do so on Wednesday.

Mr. Beck submitted a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to report back with its opinion thereon, the bill referred to that Committee in December, 1883, providing for the general removal of political disabilities. On Mr. Ingalls's objection, the resolution went over one day.

Mr. Ingalls reported from the Judiciary Committee a bill to change the times of holding the District and Circuit courts of the Northern district of Georgia, which, on motion of Mr. Brown, passed.

Mr. Van Wyck submitted a joint resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands, directing the Secretary of the Interior to withhold patents for certificates not already issued for any lands granted to railroad corporations until Congress shall have acted on bills pending, or reports made from committees declaring forfeiture of such lands.

On motion of Mr. Harris the Mexican soldiers' pension bill was taken up, and laid on the table, it being Mr. Riddleberger's amendment to strike out the phrase "for suppression of the rebellion," from Mr. Hoar's amendment providing pensions for soldiers who fought in the late war for the suppression of the rebellion." Subsequently on motion of Mr. Williams, Mr. Hoar's amendment, by a vote of 35 to 15, was stricken out on the table.

The bill met with considerable opposition on account of an appropriation of $300,000 for the Hennepin canal, several members holding it to be a State traffic, which should be controlled and paid for by the State. Mr. Stone of Massachusetts argued that the commerce power of the constitution was sufficiently broad to cover the proposed work, and that it was the duty of the Government to establish a system of water transportation which should be as comprehensive as the country itself. After several speeches were made the general debate closed and the committee rose. The speaker appointed a conference committee on the labor bureau bill. Several district of Columbia and other local bills were passed and the House adjourned till eight p. m.

House.

The Republican side of the House, which for the past week has been very nearly deserted, was reinforced this morning by the return of members who have been absent in Chicago. Under the call of states the following bills were introduced and referred: By Mr. Cooke, of Iowa, authorizing the taxation of United States treasury notes, silver and gold certificates, and national bank notes.

By Mr. Payson, of Illinois, to restore to public domain lands held as withdrawn in indemnity limits of railroad and wagon road land grants; also granting lands to honorably discharged soldiers of the war of the rebellion.

By Mr. Carleton, of Michigan, to exempt from import duty gill-net twine and twine.

By Mr Robinson, of New York, amending the statutes relating to bounts and rewards for gallantry in naval service and to prevent American officers from seeking decorations from foreign powers; also a joint resolution granting permission to Michael Quigley and others to accept the decoration of the thanks of Congress for heroic conduct in saving lives. A resolution preceded by a long preamble, regarding deeds of daring performed by firemen, longshoremen and others in New York and Brooklyn, grants the thanks of Congress to the persons named and declares any member who refuses to give unanimous consent to the immediate passage of this resolution is a disgrace to himself and a disgrace to his countrymen.

(On motion of Mr Dunham, of Illinois, the resolution, amid laughter, was referred to the Committee on Public Health.)

By Mr. Dingley, of Maine, to amend the act authorizing the formation of National Banking Association. It provides that in all suits at equity now pending or hereafter brought to enforce the liability of shareholders in National Banking Associations for contracts and engagements of such associations to the extent of the amount of their stock thereof at par value thereof.

By Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, to raise all internal revenue taxes on tobacco.

THE COLONEL ROOSEVELT INTERVIEWED

He says Blaine is the Choice of Two-thirds of the Republican Party and will be Elected

ST. PAUL, June 9. Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, spent Sunday in this city on his way to his Montana Ranche. Speaking of the issue of the Chicago convention Mr Roosevelt said: The platform is an admirable one, as strong as the party has had since the old war days. It will gain thousands of votes all over the country, scarcely a Republican or Independent but must either silt heartily. The Democratic party must follow, for the main, our platform, or give the light up. I did not favor either Blaine or Arthur, my preference was Edmunds. Aside from his own strength of 310 odd votes, they would stick to him through thick and thin, the "Plumed Knight" was the second choice of two-thirds of the remainder of the delegates, and as soon as they saw that the nomination of their candidate was impossible and Blaine's nomination was probable, they flocked to him in a body.

This is why no combination against Blaine was possible. I did not been so positively for Edmunds I don't know but what I would have been carried away by the contagion and found myself throwing up my hand for Blaine. Blaine is the choice of 2-3 of the rank and file of the party. I shall bolt the nomination of the convention by no means. I have no personal objections to Blaine. I think you will find there will be no fatal disaffection. I believe Blaine will be elected. He will sweep the West and Ohio, and will carry all New England. I have been called a reformer but I am a Republican. It is too early to speak of New York, no one to-day can tell how that state will vote. I do not think it impossible for Blaine to carry it. I do not believed there will be an independent candidate."

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT OFFICE (SIGNAL OFFICE), Washington, D. C., June 9—1 A. M.

Indications

For New England, Increasing cloudiness and rain, cooler weather, winds shifting to north and east.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, June 9—Money easy at 2 @ 7 per cent

Prime Mercantile paper 5@6

Sterling Exchange steady—4 81½ for long, 4 86½ for short

State bonds quiet

Railroad Bonds lower.

Government Securities closed at the following quotations

United States new 5s	100
United States new 4½s	110½
United States new 4s, coupons	122
United States 4s reg	110½
United States " 4s coupons	110½
Pacific Sixes	123

The following are the closing prices of railroad stocks

Chicago & Alton	138
do preferred	142
Chicago, Bur & Quincy	114½
Erie	34½
do preferred	51½
Illinois Central	118
Lake Shore	65½
Michigan Central	86
N J Central	38½
Northwestern	90½
do preferred	124
N. Central	107½
Rock Island	113½
St Paul	73½
do preferred	109
Union Pacific	44½
Western Union	80½

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, June 9 FLOUR — Receipts, 21,687, exports, 4,287—sales, 3,340, No 2, 2@2 50; superfine Western and State, 2 45@3 25; common to good extra Western and State, 3 30@3 75; good to choice do, 3 75@6 00; common to good extra Ohio, 3 30@6 00; common to choice white wheat Western extra, 4 00@6 45; common to choice extra St Louis, 3 50@6 25; City mill extra, 5 00@5 25; winter wheat extra, 3 25@5 50, Minnesota extra, 3 40@6 50, Southern—Common to fair, 3 50@4 25, good to choice, 4 30@7 25

WHEAT — sales 590,000 — No 2 Chicago, 97c on 9 No 3 Red, 97c, elevator, 90c, No 2 Red 90c a 91c, elevator, 88c 400, No. 1 Red State, 1 04@1 06, No. 1 White State, 1 10.

Rye steady — sales 8,000 — State, 72@80, Western, 90@, No 2, 90@90

BARLEY quiet — sales 60,000 — No 1 Canada 90c, No 2 Western, 90@90c.

CORN firm — sales 180,000 — No. 2, 58½@58¾c, No 2, 60@61½c, No. 2 white, 60@60, old white western, 60

OATS lower—sales 110,000 — No 3, 37 white, 38 @ 39, No 2, 38@39, do white, 39@39½, No 1, 38½, 40, do white, 42@50, mixed western, 38 @ 39, white, do, 38½@44, white State, 41@45 No 2, 0

SUGAR is dull — Standard A, 9 00@9 1-16, refining 8 1-16, granulated, 9 3-16, powdered, 7½ @ 7¾, cut loaf 7¾@7¾, crushed, 7¾@7¾, confectioners, 6¾

MOLASSES dull — sales 1000 bbls.—Orleans 30 @ 40

PETROLEUM — United, 74, refined, 8½ @ 8¾; crude — barrels, 6½@7½.

TALLOW steady—sales 600 bbls — Oil tops, 10.87½, city, 7 5-16 @ 7 3-8, Lard Lack, 8.03 @ 8 06; family mess 16 00 @ 18 00 new mess, 11.50.

BUTTER—Western steady, 8@16c 0 08; refined, 8.40c city, 7.75@7.80, refined, 8 @ 8 50

BUTTER firm — Creamery, 22@21, State, 17@21; West @ 21.

CHEESE steady — Western, 12@14½; State, 12@ 12½.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, June 9.—FLOUR dull

WHEAT—Spot—Regular, 89½@89½; No. 2 Chicago, 1 04@1 04½

CORN—No. 2, 53@53½.

OATS—No. 2, 32@32½.

RYE—No. 2, 60@61.

BARLEY—Spot, 83@85½.

PORK at 18.00@19.00.

LARD firm at 8.12½@8.15

Business Items.

MR. LAMPREY would like to meet such pupils in the public schools as would like to take a course of lessons in Elocution during vacation. The term will commence June 23d, and close the first week in August. Some of her pupils about to complete their first term, will meet at Hetson's Hall for their next reading lesson, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Parents intended to have their children study this important branch of education, please visit the class. There will also be recitations and calisthenics by the children. Terms reduced to $6.00 for fifteen lessons. Any one wishing to join a class invited.

June 10 3t

For a healthful, refreshing summer drink, try a bottle of Lactic Acid. It promotes digestion, and prevents and cures dyspepsia. Ask your druggist for it.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A special meeting of St. John's Commandery will be held this evening.

Miss Carrie Gilmore will appear on the skating rink next Friday evening.

The schooner building in E. & I. K. Stetson's yard is to be named Henry Crosby.

A jigger loaded with pressed hay broke down on Kenduskeag Bridge yesterday afternoon.

Eastport parties have been negotiating for the purchase of the steamer Little Buttercup.

Representative Boutelle returned to this city last night from Augusta with the Bangor party.

To-day is the thirtieth anniversary of the ordination of Rt Rev. Bishop Healey to the priesthood.

The second steam mill drive was started yesterday. This, like the first drive, comprises about five million feet.

Gen J. S. Smith left yesterday for Brooklyn, N. Y., to attend the Reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The annual meeting of the Maine Medical Association opens in Portland to-day and continues through Thursday.

The Tarantine Club will have a meeting to-morrow evening to hear the report of the committee on fitting up the rooms.

The annual meeting of the Belfast and Moosehead Lake Railroad Company, will be held in Belfast, July 2d, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The excursion to Nova Scotia via steamer Frances promises to be very popular and will be largely patronized by Bangor men.

Caldwell Sweet & Bro have placed a large and handsome sign over their wholesale drug department on West Market Square.

The County Conference of Congregational churches meets at East Orrington today at 9 A. M., 2 P. M and 7.30 P. M; also on Wednesday at 8 30 A. M.

Owing to the rain last evening the proposed out-door concert by the Bangor Band did not take place but was postponed until Thursday evening, at which time, weather permitting it will come off.

The meeting of the Bangor Auxiliary of the Women's Board of Missions which was to have been held in the Central church, Wednesday afternoon, is postponed on account of the meeting of the County Conference at East Orrington. Notice will be given hereafter.

COLLEGE SCORES. The base-ball game at Waterville on Saturday, between the Colby and Bowdoin clubs, was a close one, resulting in a victory for the former with a score of 2 to 1. The next game between these rival teams will come off at Waterville to-morrow.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Maine Wesleyan Seminary, June 4th, Prof. H E Trefethen was transferred from the chair of Mathematics to that of Greek and Latin and Mr Russell of Fayette, now in the graduating class of Wesleyan University, was elected Professor of Mathematics.

Mr. Henry George Hill is now visiting at the residence of Mr. Charles Hight, he being a brother of Mrs Hight. Mr. Hill is a native of this state, but nine years ago he went to the Argentine Republic taking with him a firm with which he soon had a successful operation and he has been in business there since, that time.

FOURTHS' GUIDE. We have received from the Chicago, Milwaukee and St Paul Railway, through Mr A W Benson, ticket agent, M. C. R. R depot, the "Complete Guide to Summer Homes," a handsomely illustrated pamphlet, embellished with maps of points in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota.

There will be a special meeting of B H Beale, L R C this (Tuesday) evening. Every member is requested to be present, as arrangements are to be made for the Department Convention to be held the 16th and 17th of June. Mrs E Horton Baker, National President, Mrs Sarah E Fuller, National Secretary are to be present.

FIRE AT NORTH DIXMONT. A fire at North Dixmont Saturday forenoon burned the house, stable and outbuildings of Crosby O Howe, and occupied by him, and also an adjoining house owned by him and let. A portion of the contents was saved. Loss, $1,000 to $4,000. Insurance not known. Mr. Howe is absent in New Mexico.

WORTHY OF ASSISTANCE. Mr. Frank Robinson at the Maine Central Depot, and conductors Maling and Haggerty have generously volunteered to raise a subscription from the employes of the Maine Central Railroad Company, for Mrs. Foster, widow of Mr. Foster who was killed at Oldtown. Mrs Foster has five small children and the family is in quite destitute circumstances.

ANNIVERSARY. The First Parish Sunday School observed its anniversary on Sunday evening and there was a large gathering in attendance. The exercises were of a very interesting character and the children acquitted themselves highly creditably. The address was delivered by Rev. Henry L. Griffin, pastor of the Hammond Street Congregational church, and was an eloquent effort.

DELIGHTED DOVER. Our correspondent writes: The news of Blaine's nomination was received in Dover and Foxcroft with great enthusiasm. Friday afternoon the bells were rung, guns fired and a general noise made. Saturday evening there was music by Dyer's and Taylor's bands, ringing of bells, firing of guns, and torpedoes and a good display of fireworks. There has been no such demonstration in those towns for years.

PERSONAL. Mr. J. A. Gould, General Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association and Mr. G. W. E. Burrows, left by this morning's train via Maine Central and Grand Trunk Railroad for Montreal, to attend the conference of General Secretaries to be held in that city 11th to 16th inclusive. At the close of the conference Mr. Gould visits London, Ontario and Detroit, Mich., prior to his return to Bangor, expecting to be absent some two or three weeks.

THE SHORE LINE. General Manager Tucker passed through this city yesterday enroute to Ellsworth. Everything is being rushed as rapidly on the Shore Line as possible, and the road will be ready for regular trains to Mount Desert Ferry by the 23d of June. Eight gravel trains are at work, and a large force of men is employed. Additional men will be hired this week. Next Monday's regular train will be put on between this city and Ellsworth. On and after Tuesday week trains will be run from Ellsworth to connect with the morning train going West and with the "Flying Yankee," which arrives here at 5.35 P. M., going East. After the 23d inst. the trains will run regularly to Mt. Desert Ferry, and there will soon be a new arrangement of the service.

DROWNING ACCIDENT. While bathing in Hood brook in Plaisted, Maine, Mr. Forest Stinson, aged 20 years, was drowned last Sunday. The water was less than six feet deep where the accident occurred. Cramp of the heart was supposed to have been the cause, as he was immediately taken from the water and all efforts at resuscitation proved unavailing. He was a young man of great promise and unquestionable character. The family are in deep affliction and have the sympathy of the entire community.

AN ENJOYABLE OCCASION. Last evening, by invitation of Miss Susie Batchelder, a party of sixteen young ladies participated in an enjoyable trip on the new steam ferry boat "Bon Ton." The excursionists went down the river some distance below Hampden, and after returning from the delightful sail, visited Miss Batchelder's home in Brewer, where ice cream, cake and other refreshments were served. The "Bon Ton" was efficiently commanded during the evening by Mr Leach. The party was given in honor of Mr Hilliard's nomination, and was generally enjoyed by all participating.

NEW ENGLAND & ACADIA STEAMSHIP COMPANY. The time table of the N. E. & A S S Co appears in our advertising columns to-day. Until the opening of the Shore Line road on the 23d of June, steamer Frances will make BuckspORT her terminus; thereafter Bar Harbor Ferry. The only stages which Bangor must derive from this new and direct connection with our eastern seacoast towns and Nova Scotia are many and important, and if our merchants will manifest as much energy in utilizing this new connection for the extension of their trade as have the promoters of the new line in providing it, we believe that great benefit will result. An excellent opportunity for our business men to explore those new fields and enjoy a delightful pleasure trip, as well is afforded by the excursion by the N. E. & A. S. S. Co steamer Frances, also advertised in these columns. Leaving Bangor at 1 P. M. on Friday and arriving on return the following Tuesday morning. Eastport, Campobello, Digby, Annapolis, the fruitful Marsh of Nova Scotia, and Halifax can all be visited while taking but little more than two days from business, as an hour to dell in bill from the pocket book, that is one for you and two more for your wife and daughter which is cheap enough for a trip out with your family. Sale of tickets and staterooms opens at D Bugbee & Co's this morning. See advertising columns for particulars.

COLBY NOTES.

The Colby-Bowdoin Base Ball Contest—Field Day Exercises at Colby—Rejoicing Over Mr Blaine's Nomination.

Our regular Colby University correspondent writes: The third game in the Colby Bowdoin series was played Saturday afternoon on the college grounds. A shower came up and delayed the game till five o'clock, when it was played through without intermission. It was the sharpest contest yet witnessed between these nines. The batting was one chiefly of bunches though the fielding in the entire positions of the Colbys was remarkably fine, making but two errors. The only run of the Bowdoins was made by Storey in the fourth inning being aided in his trip home by two errors and a safe hit by Cook. In the fifth good hitting was done by Lord and Dorr, each taking a single scoring Colbys only two while the most wretched fielding took place on the part of the Bowdoin players. The ninth inning found Bowdoin with the bases covered several times but sharp work by Colby put out the score standing two to one for the home team. It is to be deplored that the umpiring was not more satisfactory. Both sides suffered from poor diamonds. While it gives our visiting friends just cause for complaint we ourselves regret certain decisions only too apparent to our disadvantage by which the victory was less signal than it otherwise would have been. The standing of the two nines in the games of the series now played is Colby seven 2, Bowdoin nine 1. The fourth game will take place on the Colby grounds next Wednesday.

The 51st Senior examination came off last Wednesday and a portion of four weeks interviews before commencement. A banquet was enjoyed at the Elmwood Hotel on the night after the final work in which the new proprietor, Mr Marsh, is to be especially commended both for the reliishes and service which he furnished.

The sixth annual field day exercises took place Friday afternoon at the trotting park. The large number of entries and the records made by the event contestants is but an index of the live interest taken by the students in all college athletics. There was a good attendance of citizens as usual, and the general satisfaction as a result of the sports of the day, some of which were entirely new departures, reflects great credit to the managers.

The following was the programme with the names of the winners.

Mile run—Won by M. H. Spaulding, time 5 m, 28 sec. R. Moulton, second.

Standing long jump—Won by F. H. Edmunds. Distance 10 ft.

Pole vault—Won by W. P. Morton 7 ft, 8 in.

One hundred yards run—Won by W. C. Emerson. Scratch start, time, 10 seconds. E. W. Prentiss, two yards start, 2d.

Horizontal bar contest—Won by C. P. Small. W. W. Whitten, second.

Hurdle race—The between Whitten and Blekmore.

Running long jump—Won by W. C. Emerson. Distance 17 ft, 7 in.

Throwing hammer, (17 lbs.)—Won by H. M. Moore. Distance 76 ft.

Putting shot, (16 lbs.)—Won by W. W. Whitten. Distance 26 ft, 6½ in.

Running high jump—Won by C. P. Small. 4 ft, 9½ in.

Bar vault—Tie between Brown and Morton. 5 ft., 11 in.

Potato race—Won by J. F. Larrabee.

Bicycle race, 1 mile—Won by R. H. Pulsifer. Time 3 m, 53 sec.

Three-legged race, 100 yards—Won by Webber and Dunham in 13½ seconds.

220 yards run (to beat a record of 25 seconds)—Won by W. C. Emerson, time 23 seconds.

Still race (100 yards)—Won by C. C. Brown; time 18 seconds.

Archery contest—Won by E. W. Prentiss.

On the announcement of Blaine's nomination a wild outburst of shouts and cheers was given by the students and the pealing of the college bell and the blowing of horns. A dozen kerosene and tar barrels piled up and set down with a half barrel of kerosene contributed to a bon fire by which the feelings of the college with reference to the candidate were in a measure demonstrated. On the Blaine train to Augusta, a special car was chartered and occupied by fully half of the students who thus went en-masse to help the good time along.

New Advertisements

See notice of horses for sale.

Tech White offers second hand show cases for sale.

Baskets of all kinds at Snow & Averill's.

Penobscot river salmon at Foss' market.

Buildwin dry air refrigerators, and oil stoves at S. L. Thompson & Son's.

Gill wanted at 100 Hammond street.

Police Court.

Edward Batchelder, for assault on his wife, was sentenced to 30 days in jail and ordered to pay costs.

AT MR. BLAINE'S HOME.

Second Trip to Augusta—A Grand Occasion.

In accordance with the announcement in the Whig a special train in charge of Conductor Judkins, left this city for Augusta yesterday afternoon, having on board a strong delegation from Bangor numbering about one hundred and sixty and including many of our prominent and most influential citizens. Owing to a misunderstanding there was a failure to secure the services of the band as was intended and when this fact was discovered Mr. Hall said it would be impossible to get the members together so that it was necessary to go without music.

Several delegations were picked up along the road, that from Dexter being the largest, numbering some twenty-five or thirty gentlemen. The weather was very hot when the train started, but out on the road a heavy shower was encountered, during which considerable hail fell, and the rain continued nearly all the time the visitors were in Augusta. On arrival the Bangor party made their headquarters at Hotel North, where they waited until the special bearing the Maine and California delegations arrived. The train also had quite a party from Portland, Lewiston and other places, and two bands. It was magnificently decorated and the cars had the names of Blaine and Logan in large letters on the sides. The car for the California delegation has been placed at their disposal during their stay in the State. Several short speeches were made at the depot, a report of which will be found in another column, and then the procession was formed to march to the residence of Hon James G. Blaine. The visitors from the west and other distinguished guests were taken in carriages. The citizens of Augusta who had several bands engaged, with customary courtesy assigned one to the Bangor delegation. The procession was very long and unusually imposing, and a handsome campaign flag, as well as some of the most elaborately decorated residences were simply elegant. On reaching the residence of Mr Blaine the throng gathered about the entrance and Estes Cotton's marks represented where it was falling a portion of the time, but it failed to damp the enthusiasm of the large assembly in the least, and cheer after cheer greeted the speakers. When Mr Blaine himself appeared the throng became perfectly wild with enthusiasm. Every one of the speakers was received with cheers, and when Mr Blaine himself addressed the throng he received a splendid ovation. An opportunity was given for all to shake hands with the next President and then the throng dispersed. The Bangor train left about 9.30 o'clock and arrived here at about midnight. It was a grand occasion.

ENTHUSIASM AT OLDTOWN.

A Blaine and Logan Club Formed.

An Oldtown correspondent writes: A meeting of Republicans of this town was held in the Reception Room in the Town Hall building Saturday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Blaine and Logan club.

Hon James Weymouth called the meeting to order and read the call which had been signed by a very large number of our citizens. Rev W C Wilkinson was chosen chairman and James H Burgess, Esq., Secretary. David Morton Esq., Dr Sewall and John A. Blanchard, Esq., were appointed a committee to draft a constitution for the club, to be presented at the next meeting. The same committee was authorized to present to the next meeting a list of officers.

Earnest and stirring speeches were made by David Norton, Esq., Rev Mr Wilkinson, Mr Weymouth and others. Everybody was earnest and determined that Oldtown shall give a large Republican vote this year. The young men of our town are deeply interested in this club and a good report may be expected from them.

The meeting adjourned with the ringing cheers for Blaine and Logan and victory. The next meeting will be held in one week.

OUR CALAIS LETTER.

Damage by Frosts—Church Dedication—Base Ball Match—Other Interesting Items.

CALAIS, June 9, 1884.

To the Editor of Whig & Courier.

Reports from Northern Maine and New Brunswick show great damage to crops and fruit trees by the severe frosts which occurred the mornings of the 10th and 11th ult.

...ashions.

(New York Evening Post.)

The new grain juiers fabrics copy to perfection the leathery working the stitches of ...

...ity of narrow velvet ribbon made ... crosstiers and pompon clusters, is much ... by the milliners on both leaders ...

...dotted silk muslins in cream, white, ... pale pink and blue, are stamped ... flowers in natural colors These ... will be used for afternoon dresses ... the country, and on any occasion where ... muslin dress would be worn This ... 12 in two widths and cost 50 cents ...

...ble cloth a coarse meshed linen ... is imported among French goods ... summer wear This canvas cloth is ... factured in ecru or natural flax-color ... both plain and brocaded with ... colors of carnations, dots, and ... designs

...ons gray Ottoman silk or fine French ... sheere, and golden brown velvet are ... usefully combined in walking costumes ... carriage dresses latch sent over from ... rls, and golden fawn colored imperial ... dresses with panels waistcoat and ... builder cape of dark Prussian green velvet ... in novel and elegant visiting dresses of ... with bodices

...ford stockinette bodices are just now ... fashionable for promenade over dresses ... only lightweight and of texture inappropriate For example, a costume lately ... by a well known set of young ladies ... this city, consisted of a bodice of dark ... cloth worn over a skirt of ... and a young friend ... in stockinette jersey of dark ... brown overskirt and panier of plain ... with bodice

...old fashion of wearing the sleeves ... dress of different material from the ... of the bodice has revived also in ... outer door jackets are made sleeves ...

...Another dressy design of a moleskin ... jacket shows mauve, with several rows of ... piping around the shoulder pieces, ... falling about half way between the ... the shoulder tips, the front is also ... covered with rows of braid and each tail ... having a small button can clasp it entirely ... in a jet pendant

...Silver lace in open work designs for the ... the cloth in imitation of transparent ... Bonnets of fancy straw and everything that ... are looking and feeling cold during ... cloudy weather is certainly to be advised ... Many new Paris costumes of ... lavender silk muslin organdie and ... dyed French lawn have dainty ... and hats to match, shirred on the bias ... with full flow round the ...

...For the most up town fashionable ... are accompanying those soft and looking ... kids in all of white Orleans, Spanish ... and pearl trimmed with ... pillows ... the design corresponding ... with the trend of the jack underfoot ... shoes seem to fit perfectly while ... fastening up the ... with small pearl buttons worked ... stitch but ... completed with ... the ... and with the ... sole ... and ... with ... and ... with ... and ... with